

## Schedule of Investments (Unaudited)

### Delaware Global Value Fund

August 31, 2009

	Number of Shares	Value (U.S. \$)
<b>Common Stock – 98.47%Δ</b>		
<i>Australia – 1.51%</i>		
*±Coca-Cola Amatil	71,988	<u>\$601,969</u> <u>601,969</u>
<i>Brazil – 2.25%</i>		
Petroleo Brasileiro ADR	15,300	507,960
Vale ADR	20,300	<u>389,963</u> <u>897,923</u>
<i>Canada – 4.32%</i>		
*Agrium	11,000	524,810
†CGI Group Class A	80,781	835,335
TELUS	11,696	<u>362,729</u> <u>1,722,874</u>
<i>Denmark – 0.95%</i>		
±Novo Nordisk Class B	6,237	<u>380,558</u> <u>380,558</u>
<i>Finland – 0.99%</i>		
±Nokia	28,138	<u>395,051</u> <u>395,051</u>
<i>France – 13.37%</i>		
*±AXA	17,866	408,126
*±Cie de Saint-Gobain	12,890	582,444
*±France Telecom	7,648	194,532
±Lafarge	8,282	705,880
*±PPR	4,685	545,475
±Publicis Groupe	10,212	376,437
±Sanofi-Aventis	4,549	309,774
±Teleperformance	17,514	603,495
*±Total	9,141	524,581
±Vallourec	2,852	434,670
±Vivendi	22,632	<u>646,131</u> <u>5,331,545</u>
<i>Germany – 5.13%</i>		
*±Bayerische Motoren Werke	10,519	480,703
±Deutsche Post	32,978	569,753
±Linde	5,813	587,479
*±Metro	7,468	<u>406,496</u> <u>2,044,431</u>
<i>Hong Kong – 2.30%</i>		
±Esprit Holdings	83,784	509,784
±Yue Yuen Industrial Holdings	154,500	<u>408,152</u> <u>917,936</u>
<i>Italy – 3.11%</i>		
±Finmeccanica	35,051	561,023
±Parmalat	264,807	<u>681,025</u> <u>1,242,048</u>
<i>Japan – 8.33%</i>		
±Asahi Glass	66,500	578,435
±Astellas Pharma	14,100	563,605
*±Don Quijote	31,700	758,873
±Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group	103,454	657,720
±Round One	31,229	282,941
±Toyota Motor	11,250	<u>479,661</u> <u>3,321,235</u>
<i>Netherlands – 1.08%</i>		
±Koninklijke Philips Electronics	19,038	<u>430,442</u> <u>430,442</u>
<i>Republic of Korea – 0.81%</i>		
±Samsung Electronics	526	<u>324,318</u> <u>324,318</u>
<i>Singapore – 1.19%</i>		
±Singapore Airlines	53,067	474,010
±Singapore Airport Terminal Services	1	<u>2</u> <u>474,012</u>

**(Unaudited)**

<i>Spain – 1.51%</i>		
±Banco Santander	39,089	<u>601,865</u>
		<u>601,865</u>
<i>Sweden – 3.95%</i>		
Autoliv	24,400	782,508
±Nordea Bank FDR	75,559	<u>791,054</u>
		<u>1,573,562</u>
<i>Switzerland – 2.09%</i>		
±Novartis	9,415	437,315
†Transocean	5,200	<u>394,368</u>
		<u>831,683</u>
<i>Taiwan – 1.17%</i>		
Chunghwa Telecom ADR	27,404	<u>468,614</u>
		<u>468,614</u>
<i>United Kingdom – 8.29%</i>		
†±AstraZeneca	6,310	292,908
±BP	62,206	533,176
±@Greggs	59,485	393,005
±National Grid	53,274	512,295
±Standard Chartered	18,887	426,601
†±Tomkins	160,226	461,528
±Vodafone Group	197,611	427,743
±WPP Group	31,046	<u>259,718</u>
		<u>3,306,974</u>
<i>United States – 36.12%</i>		
*Abercrombie & Fitch Class A	12,200	393,938
†AGCO	13,200	412,368
American Express	26,000	879,319
Archer-Daniels-Midland	25,500	735,165
Ball	14,200	688,132
Black & Decker	9,000	397,080
Carnival	20,900	611,325
*Caterpillar	15,900	720,429
*CenturyTel	20,500	660,715
Chevron	9,200	643,448
†Convergys	35,700	386,988
Cooper Industries Class A	16,800	541,800
†Dell	37,400	592,042
Discover Financial Services	46,800	643,500
FedEx	9,500	652,745
*Imation	27,100	233,060
Intel	32,100	652,272
International Business Machines	4,700	554,835
Lockheed Martin	9,000	674,820
Lowe's	32,100	690,150
Microsoft	25,500	628,575
*†Mylan	43,900	644,013
Pfizer	32,300	539,410
Walgreen	24,500	<u>830,060</u>
		<u>14,406,189</u>
<b>Total Common Stock (cost \$42,077,841)</b>		<b><u>39,273,229</u></b>
	<b>Principal Amount (U.S. \$)</b>	
<b>±Discount Note – 0.91%</b>		
Federal Home Loan Bank 0.08% 9/1/09	\$365,001	<u>365,001</u>
<b>Total Discount Note (cost \$365,001)</b>		<b><u>365,001</u></b>
<b>Total Value of Securities Before Securities Lending Collateral – 99.38%</b> (cost \$42,442,842)		<b><u>39,638,230</u></b>

## (Unaudited)

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	
<b>Securities Lending Collateral** – 12.44%</b>		
Investment Companies		
Mellon GSL DBT II Collateral Fund	1,718,013	1,718,013
BNY Mellon SL DBT II Liquidating Fund	3,291,465	3,241,764
@†Mellon GSL Reinvestment Trust II	149,675	<u>15</u>
<b>Total Securities Lending Collateral (cost \$5,159,153)</b>		<b><u>4,959,792</u></b>
<b>Total Value of Securities – 111.82%</b>		
(cost \$47,601,995)		<b>44,598,022<sup>▲</sup></b>
<b>Obligation to Return Securities Lending Collateral** – (12.94%)</b>		<b>(5,159,153)</b>
<b>Receivables and Other Assets Net of Liabilities (See Notes) – 1.12%</b>		<b><u>444,981</u></b>
<b>Net Assets Applicable to 5,449,899 Shares Outstanding – 100.00%</b>		<b><u>\$39,883,850</u></b>

ΔSecurities have been classified by country of origin.

†Non income producing security.

@Illiquid security. August 31, 2009, the aggregate amount of illiquid securities was \$393,020, which represented 0.99% of the Fund's net assets. See Note 5 in "Notes."

±Security is being valued based on international fair value pricing. At August 31, 2009, the aggregate amount of international fair value priced securities was \$20,600,753, which represented 51.65% of the Fund's net assets. See Note 1 in "Notes."

≠The rate shown is the effective yield at the time of purchase.

▲Includes \$4,952,157 of securities loaned.

\*Fully or partially on loan.

\*\* See Note 4 in "Notes."

### Summary of Abbreviations:

ADR – American Depositary Receipts

FDR – Fiduciary Depositary Receipts

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### Notes

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies are in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and are consistently followed by Delaware Group<sup>®</sup> Global & International Funds – Delaware Global Value Fund (Fund). This report covers the period of time since the Fund's last fiscal year end.

**Security Valuation** – Equity securities, except those traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. (Nasdaq), are valued at the last quoted sales price as of the time of the regular close of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) on the valuation date. Securities traded on the Nasdaq are valued in accordance with the Nasdaq Official Closing Price, which may not be the last sales price. If on a particular day an equity security does not trade, then the mean between the bid and ask prices will be used. Securities listed on a foreign exchange are valued at the last quoted sales price on the valuation date. Investment companies are valued at net asset value per share. Foreign currency exchange contracts are valued at the mean between the bid and ask prices. Interpolated values are derived when the settlement date of the contract is an interim date for which quotations are not available. Generally, other securities and assets for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under the direction of the Fund's Board of Trustees (Board). In determining whether market quotations are readily available or fair valuation will be used, various factors will be taken into consideration, such as market closures or suspension of trading in a security. The Fund may use fair value pricing more frequently for securities traded primarily in non-U.S. markets because, among other things, most foreign markets close well before the Fund values its securities at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. The earlier close of these foreign markets gives rise to the possibility that significant events, including broad market moves, government actions or pronouncements, aftermarket trading or news events, may have occurred in the interim. To account for this, the Fund may frequently value foreign securities using fair value prices based on third-party vendor modeling tools (international fair value pricing).

**Federal Income Taxes** – No provision for federal income taxes has been made as the Fund intends to continue to qualify for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and make the requisite distributions to shareholders. The Fund evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Fund's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal income tax returns for all open tax years (tax years ended November 30, 2005 – November 30, 2008), and has concluded that no provision for federal income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements.

**Class Accounting** – Investment income, common expenses and realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments are allocated to the various classes of the Fund on the basis of daily net assets of each class. Distribution expenses relating to a specific class are charged directly to that class.

**Repurchase Agreements** – The Fund may invest in a pooled cash account along with other members of the Delaware Investments<sup>®</sup> Family of Funds pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The aggregate daily balance of the pooled cash account is invested in repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the U.S. government. The respective collateral is held by the Fund's custodian bank until the maturity of the respective repurchase agreements. Each repurchase agreement is at least 102% collateralized. However, in the event of default or bankruptcy by the counterparty to the agreement, realization of the collateral may be subject to legal proceedings. At August 31, 2009, the Fund held no investments in repurchase agreements.

## (Unaudited)

**Foreign Currency Transactions** – Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the prevailing exchange rates on the valuation date. The value of all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate of such currencies against the U.S. dollar daily. Transaction gains or losses resulting from changes in exchange rates during the reporting period or upon settlement of the foreign currency transaction are reported in operations for the current period. The Fund does not isolate that portion of realized gains and losses on investments which are due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which are due to changes in market prices. The Fund reports certain foreign currency related transactions as components of realized gains (losses) for financial reporting purposes, whereas such components are treated as ordinary income (loss) for federal income tax purposes.

**Use of Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Other** – Expenses directly attributable to the Fund are charged directly to the Fund. Other expenses common to various funds within the Delaware Investments<sup>®</sup> Family of Funds are generally allocated amongst such funds on the basis of average net assets. Management fees and some other expenses are paid monthly. Security transactions are recorded on the date the securities are purchased or sold (trade date) for financial reporting purposes. Costs used in calculating realized gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are those of the specific securities sold. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date and interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Taxable non-cash dividends are recorded as dividend income. Foreign dividends are also recorded on the ex-dividend date or as soon after the ex-dividend date that the Fund is aware of such dividends, net of all non-rebatable tax withholdings. Withholding taxes on foreign dividends have been recorded in accordance with the Fund's understanding of the applicable country's tax rules and rates. The Fund declares and pays dividends from net investment income and distributions from net realized gain on investments, if any, annually.

### 2. Investments

At August 31, 2009, the cost of investments for federal income tax purposes has been estimated since the final tax characteristics cannot be determined until fiscal year end. At August 31, 2009, the cost of investments and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Fund were as follows:

Cost of investments	<u>\$48,787,260</u>
Aggregate unrealized appreciation	2,795,930
Aggregate unrealized depreciation	<u>(6,985,168)</u>
Net unrealized depreciation	<u>\$(4,189,238)</u>

For federal income tax purposes, at November 30, 2008, capital loss carryforwards of \$16,661,212 may be carried forward and applied against future capital gains. Such capital loss carryforwards expire in 2016.

The Fund applies Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (FAS 157). FAS 157 defines fair value as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. FAS 157 also establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and a three level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available under the circumstances. The Fund's investment in its entirety is assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized below.

Level 1—inputs are quoted prices in active markets

Level 2—inputs are observable, directly or indirectly

Level 3—inputs are unobservable and reflect assumptions on the part of the reporting entity

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Fund's investments by the FAS 157 fair value hierarchy levels as of August 31, 2009:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stock	\$ 18,672,476	\$20,600,753	\$ -	\$39,273,229
Short Term	-	365,001	-	365,001
Securities Lending Collateral	<u>1,718,013</u>	<u>3,241,764</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>4,959,792</u>
Total	<u>\$20,390,489</u>	<u>\$24,207,518</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$44,598,022</u>

The following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value:

	Securities Lending Collateral
Balance as of 11/30/08	\$12,273
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation	<u>(12,258)</u>
Balance as of 8/31/09	<u>\$ 15</u>

Net change in unrealized  
appreciation/depreciation from  
investments still held as of 8/31/09

\$(12,258)

## **(Unaudited)**

### **3. Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts**

The Fund may enter into foreign currency exchange contracts as a way of managing foreign exchange rate risk. The Fund may enter into these contracts to fix the U.S. dollar value of a security that it has agreed to buy or sell for the period between the date the trade was entered into and the date the security is delivered and paid for. The Fund may also use these contracts to hedge the U.S. dollar value of securities it already owns that are denominated in foreign currencies. The change in value is recorded as an unrealized gain or loss. When the contract is closed, a realized gain or loss is recorded equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed.

The use of foreign currency exchange contracts does not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the securities, but does establish a rate of exchange that can be achieved in the future. Although foreign currency exchange contracts limit the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, they also limit any potential gain that might result should the value of the currency increase. In addition, the Fund could be exposed to risks if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of their contracts. The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk is the value of its currency exchanged with the counterparty. The risk is generally mitigated by having a netting arrangement between the Fund and the counterparty and by the posting of collateral by the counterparty to the Fund to cover the Fund's exposure to the counterparty. No foreign currency exchange contracts were outstanding at August 31, 2009.

### **4. Securities Lending**

The Fund, along with other funds in the Delaware Investments<sup>®</sup> Family of Funds, may lend its securities pursuant to a security lending agreement (Lending Agreement) with The Bank of New York Mellon (BNY Mellon). With respect to each loan, if the aggregate market value of securities collateral held plus cash collateral received on any business day is less than the aggregate market value of the securities which are the subject of such loan, the borrower will be notified to provide additional collateral not less than the applicable collateral requirements. Cash collateral received is generally invested in the Mellon GSL DBT II Collateral Fund (Collective Trust) established by BNY Mellon for the purpose of investment on behalf of clients participating in its securities lending programs. The Collective Trust may invest in fixed income securities, with a weighted average maturity not to exceed 90 days, rated in one of the top three tiers by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. The Collective Trust seeks to maintain a net asset value per unit of \$1.00, but there can be no assurance that it will always be able to do so. At August 31, 2009, the Collective Trust held only cash and assets with a maturity of one business day or less (Cash/Overnight Assets). The Fund may incur investment losses as a result of investing securities lending collateral in the Collective Trust. This could occur if an investment in the Collective Trust defaulted or if it were necessary to liquidate assets in the Collective Trust to meet returns on outstanding security loans at a time when the Collective Trust's net asset value per unit was less than \$1.00. Under those circumstances, the Fund may not receive an amount from the Collective Trust that is equal in amount to the collateral the Fund would be required to return to the borrower of the securities and the Fund would be required to make up for this shortfall. Effective April 20, 2009, BNY Mellon transferred the assets of the Collective Trust other than the Cash/Overnight Assets to the BNY Mellon SL DBT II Liquidating Fund (Liquidating Fund), effectively bifurcating the collateral investment pool. The Fund's exposure to the Liquidating Fund is expected to decrease as the Liquidating Fund's assets mature or are sold. In October 2008, BNY Mellon transferred certain distressed securities from the Collective Trust into the Mellon GSL Reinvestment Trust II. The Fund can also accept U.S. government securities and letters of credit (non-cash collateral) in connection with securities loans. In the event of default or bankruptcy by the lending agent, realization and/or retention of the collateral may be subject to legal proceedings. In the event the borrower fails to return loaned securities and the collateral received is insufficient to cover the value of the loaned securities and provided such collateral shortfall is not the result of investment losses, the lending agent has agreed to pay the amount of the shortfall to the Fund, or at the discretion of the lending agent, replace the loaned securities. The Fund continues to record dividends or interest, as applicable, on the securities loaned and is subject to change in value of the securities loaned that may occur during the term of the loan. The Fund has the right under the Lending Agreement to recover the securities from the borrower on demand. With respect to security loans collateralized by non-cash collateral, the Fund receives loan premiums paid by the borrower. With respect to security loans collateralized by cash collateral, the earnings from the collateral investments are shared among the Fund, the security lending agent and the borrower. The Fund records security lending income net of allocations to the security lending agent and the borrower.

At August 31, 2009, the value of securities on loan was \$4,952,157, for which cash collateral was received and invested in accordance with the Lending Agreement. Such investments are presented on the schedule of investments under the caption "Securities Lending Collateral."

### **5. Credit and Market Risk**

Some countries in which the Fund may invest require governmental approval for the repatriation of investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities by foreign investors. In addition, if there is deterioration in a country's balance of payments or for other reasons, a country may impose temporary restrictions on foreign capital remittances abroad.

The securities exchanges of certain foreign markets are substantially smaller, less liquid and more volatile than the major securities markets in the United States. Consequently, acquisition and disposition of securities by the Fund may be inhibited. In addition, a significant portion of the aggregate market value of equity securities listed on the major securities exchanges in emerging markets are held by a smaller number of investors. This may limit the number of shares available for acquisition or disposition by the Fund.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities, which may include securities with contractual restrictions on resale, securities exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and other securities which may not be readily marketable. The relative illiquidity of these securities may impair the Fund from disposing of them in a timely manner and at a fair price when it is necessary or desirable to do so. While maintaining oversight, the Fund's Board has delegated to Delaware Management Company (DMC), a series of Delaware Management Business Trust, the day-to-day functions of determining whether individual securities are liquid for purposes of the Fund's limitation on investments in illiquid assets. Securities eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A, which are determined to be liquid, are not subject to the Fund's 15% limit on investments in illiquid securities. As of August 31, 2009, there were no Rule 144A securities. Illiquid securities have been identified on the schedule of investments.

### **6. Sale of Delaware Investments to Macquarie Group**

On August 18, 2009, Lincoln National Corporation and Macquarie Group (Macquarie) entered into an agreement pursuant to which Delaware Investments, including DMC, Delaware Distributors, L.P. (DDLDP), and Delaware Service Company (DSC), will be acquired by Macquarie, an Australia-based global provider of banking, financial, advisory, investment and funds management services (Transaction). Upon completion of the Transaction, DMC, DDLDP and DSC will be wholly-owned subsidiaries of Macquarie.

## **(Unaudited)**

The Transaction will result in a change of control of DMC which, in turn, will cause the termination of the investment advisory agreement between DMC and the Fund. As a result, a Special Meeting of Shareholders (Meeting) of the Fund will be scheduled for the purpose of asking shareholders to approve a new investment advisory agreement between DMC and the Fund (New Agreement). If approved by shareholders, the New Agreement will take effect upon the closing of the Transaction, which is currently anticipated to occur in the fourth quarter of 2009. Shareholders of the Fund will receive proxy materials including more detailed information about the Meeting, the Transaction and the proposed New Agreement.

### **7. Subsequent Event**

Effective August 31, 2009, the Fund adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 165, Subsequent Events (FAS 165). In accordance with FAS 165, management has evaluated whether any events or transactions occurred subsequent to August 31, 2009 through October 25, 2009, the date of issuance of the Fund's schedule of portfolio holdings, and determined that there were no material events or transactions other than those already disclosed that would require recognition or disclosure in the Fund's schedule of portfolio holdings.